## **NOUGHTS & CROSSES - MEETING PROCEDURE**

## **Objective**

To review and reinforce knowledge of a subject, typically after an educational presentation. This example of the game is based on meeting procedure

## **Procedure**

Number a conventional noughts and crosses grid on a board/flip chart. Two teams are then asked questions alternately. If answered correctly, a team can nominate which number square their o or X is to be placed in. If a team misses an answer, the other side is given the opportunity to answer the question.

- 1. What word should a motion commence with? That
- 2. How many sentences should a motion be in? **One**
- 3. Who cannot propose or second a motion? **Chairman**
- 4. How can the mover of a motion have it withdrawn? By Leave
- 5. Who can speak twice to a motion? **Mover**
- 6. What is an amendment? **Alteration to a motion**
- 7. Can an amendment be amended? No
- 8. Name someone who cannot move an amendment? **Chairman, mover or seconder of motion**
- 9. Name someone else who cannot move an amendment? **Chairman, mover or seconder of motion**
- 10. An amendment gives the mover a right of reply, True or False? False
- 11. Only one amendment can be discussed at one time, True or False? **True**
- 12. Apologies should be .....? Accepted
- 13. Minutes should be .....? Confirmed
- 14. Inwards correspondence should be .....? Received
- 15. Outwards correspondence should be .....? Endorsed
- 16. Reports should be ......? **Received or adopted**
- 17. Does the "Closure" Motion require a seconder? No
- 18. Can the Chairman decline to accept the motion "That the meeting proceed to the next business"? **Yes**
- 19. Name are the two types of motions? **Procedural and substantive**
- 20. What is the definition of a procedural motion? **One dealing with the conduct of the meeting**
- 21. What is the definition of a substantive motion? **One ordering some action or expressing an opinion**
- How can a motion be amended? By leaving out some words, leaving out and inserting, or adding new words